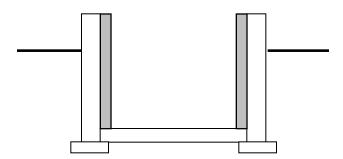
## 4.1 Concrete Basements with Interior-Wall Insulation

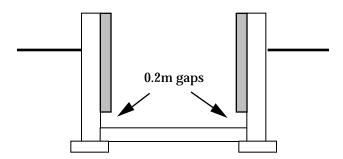
# BCIN\_1

- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



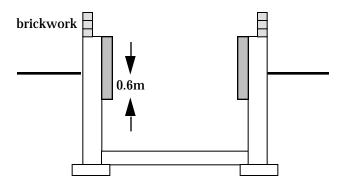
# BCIN\_2

- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.2m from floor
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



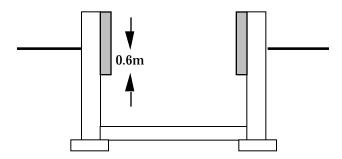
# BCIN\_3

- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.6m below-grade
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## **BCIN 4**

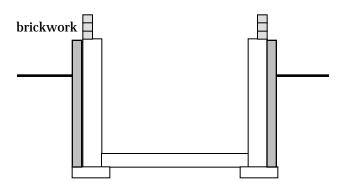
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.6m below-grade
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.2 Concrete Basements with Exterior-Wall Insulation

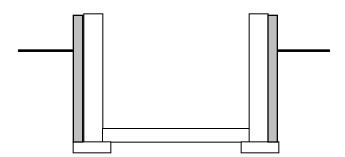
# BCEN\_1

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



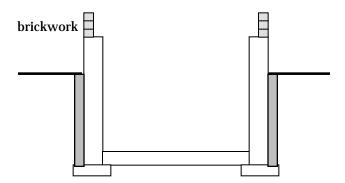
# BCEN\_2

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



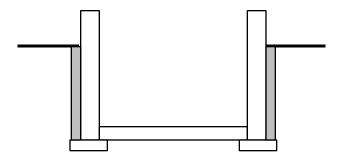
# BCEN\_3

- exterior surface of wall insulated below-grade
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



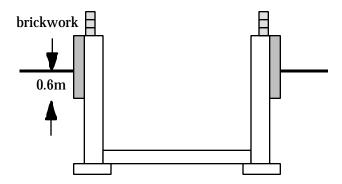
# BCEN\_4

- exterior surface of wall insulated below-grade
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



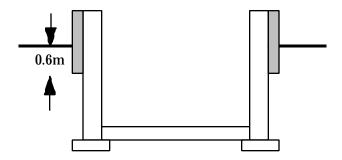
# BCEN\_5

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6m below-grade
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## BCEN\_6

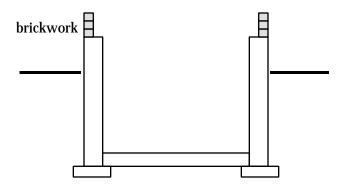
- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6m below-grade
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.3 Concrete Basements with No Insulation

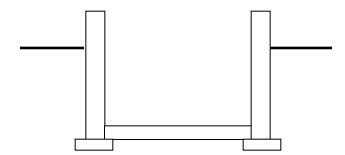
# BCNN\_1

- no insulation
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## BCNN\_2

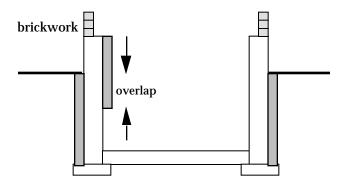
- no insulation
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.4 Concrete Basements with Interior- and Exterior-Wall Insulation and No Slab Insulation

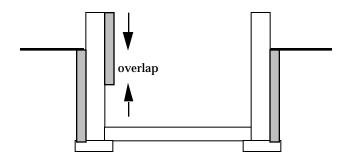
## BCCN\_1

- exterior surface of wall insulated below-grade
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall producing an overlap with the exterior insulation
- overlap between interior and exterior insulation is a variable
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- For corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b):
  - ° Use Table 1, column 4 if overlap is less than 0.6m
  - ° Use Table 2, column 1 if overlap is greater than 0.6m and height of exterior insulation is greater than height of interior insulation
  - ° Use Table 1, column 3 if height of interior insulation is greater than height of exterior insulation



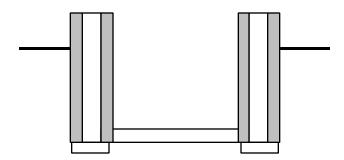
## BCCN 2

- exterior surface of wall insulated below-grade
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall producing an overlap with the exterior insulation
- overlap between interior and exterior insulation is a variable
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- For corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b):
  - ° Use Table 1, column 4 if overlap is less than 0.6m
  - ° Use Table 2, column 1 if overlap is greater than 0.6m and height of exterior insulation is greater than height of interior insulation
  - ° Use Table 1, column 3 if height of interior insulation is greater than height of exterior insulation



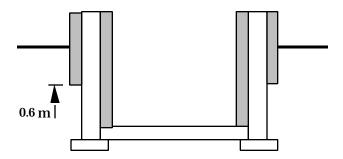
## BCCN 3

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full height
- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- Thermal break between walls and floor slab
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



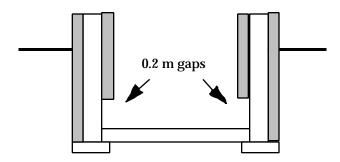
## BCCN 4

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- any first story construction
- 200 mm concrete wall and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## BCCN 5

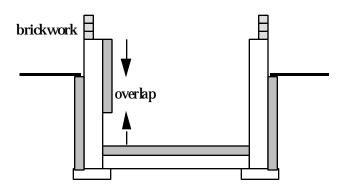
- · exterior surface of wall insulated over full height
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.2 m from floor
- any first story construction
- 200 mm concrete wall and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 5 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.5 Concrete Basements with Interior- and Exterior-Wall Insulation and Above-Slab Insulation

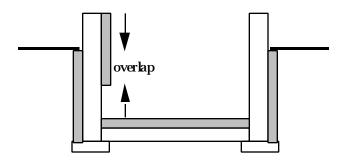
## BCCA\_1

- exterior surface of wall insulated below grade
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall producing an overlap with the exterior insulation
- floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- top of slab fully insulated
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete wall
- 200 mm concrete wall and 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 8 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



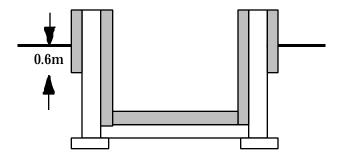
## BCCA 4

- exterior surface of wall insulated below grade
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall producing an overlap with the exterior insulation
- · floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- top of slab fully insulated
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or brick thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200 mm concrete wall and 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 8 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



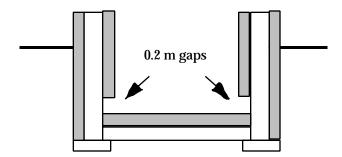
# BCCA\_7

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- · interior surface of wall is fully insulated
- · top surface of floor slab is fully insulated
- · slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first story construction
- 200 mm concrete wall and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 6 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



#### BCCA 8

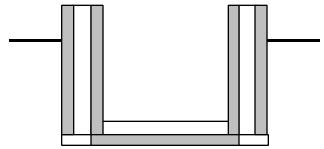
- · exterior surface of wall fully insulated
- interior surface of wall insulated to 0.2 m from top of slab
- · top surface of floor slab is fully insulated
- · slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 200 mm concrete wall and 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 8 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.6 Concrete Basements with Interior- and Exterior-Wall Insulation and Sub-Slab Insulation

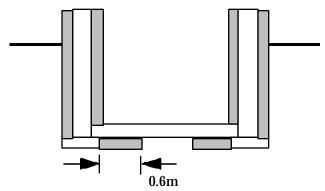
#### BCCB 4

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full height
- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- · sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footing
- · thermal break between walls and floor slab
- sub slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



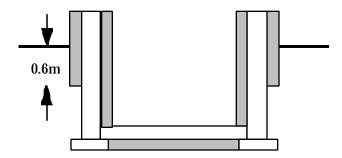
## BCCB 8

- · exterior surface of wall insulated over full height
- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- bottom of slab insulated with a 0.6 m strip around the perimeter
- · sub slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 200 mm concrete wall and 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 7 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



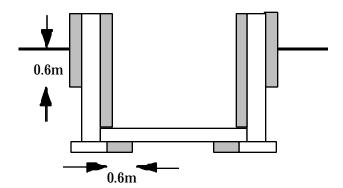
## BCCB 9

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6m below grade
- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- · sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- sub slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- · any first storey construction
- · 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# BCCB\_10

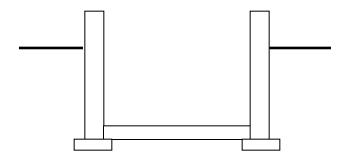
- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6m below grade
- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 0.6m strip around perimeter but no insulation under footings
- sub slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first floor construction
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.7 Wood Basements with No Insulation

## **BWNN 1**

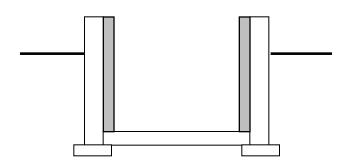
- no insulation
- any first-floor construction type
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 1 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.8 Wood Basements with Interior-Wall Insulation

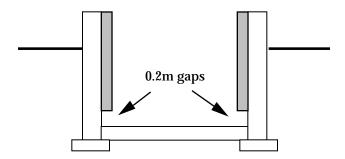
## **BWIN 1**

- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- any first-floor construction type
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



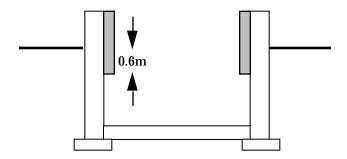
## **BWIN 2**

- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.2m from floor
- any first-floor construction type
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## BWIN\_3

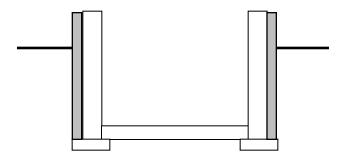
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.6m below-grade
- any first-floor construction type
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 2 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.9 Wood Basements with Exterior-Wall Insulation

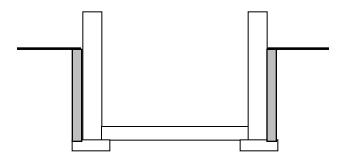
## **BWEN 1**

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- any first-floor construction type
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



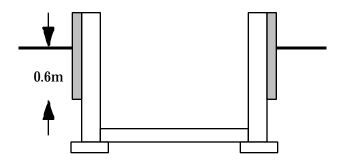
# BWEN\_2

- exterior surface of wall insulated below-grade
- any first-floor construction type
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 4 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## **BWEN 3**

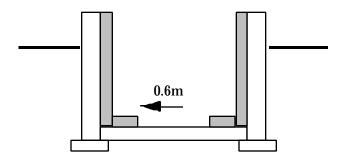
- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6m below-grade
- any first-floor construction type
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.10 Wood Basements with Interior-Wall and Above-Slab Insulation

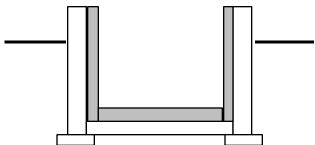
#### **BWIA 1**

- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- top of slab insulated with 0.6 m strip around perimeter
- floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



#### BWIA 2

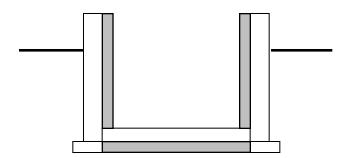
- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- top of slab fully insulated
- floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm wood floor
- Use column 6 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



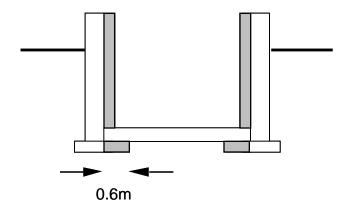
#### 4.11 Concrete Basements with Interior-Wall and Sub-Floor Insulation

## BCIB 1

- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- sub-slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

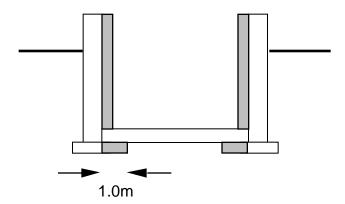


- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 0.6m strip around perimeter
- sub-slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

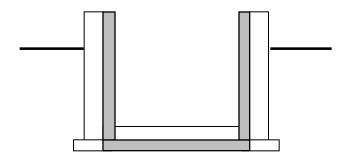


## BCIB\_3

- · interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 1.0m strip around perimeter
- · sub-slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

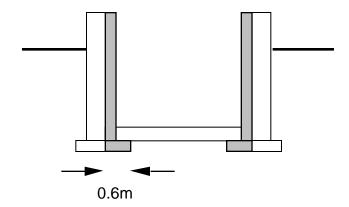


- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- thermal break between walls and floor slab
- sub-slab, wall, and thermal break insulation all have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

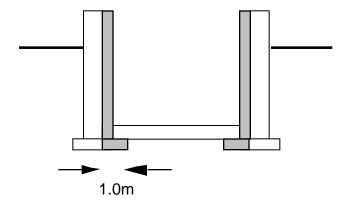


#### BCIB 5

- · interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 0.6m strip around perimeter
- · thermal break between walls and floor slab
- sub-slab, wall, and thermal break insulation all have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

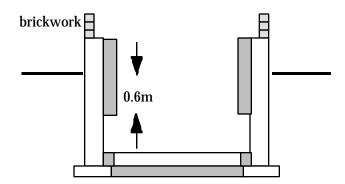


- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 1.0m strip around perimeter
- · thermal break between walls and floor slab
- sub-slab, wall, and thermal break insulation all have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

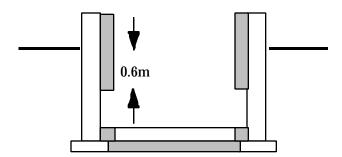


#### BCIB 7

- interior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- · bottom of slab fully insulated
- sub-slab, wall, and thermal break insulation all have same thermal resistance
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- · Thermal break between walls and floor slab
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 7 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



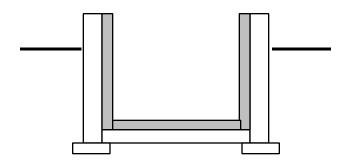
- interior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- · bottom of slab fully insulated
- sub-slab, wall, and thermal break insulation all have same thermal resistance
- · first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from concrete walls
- · thermal break between walls and floor slab
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 7 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.12 Concrete Basements with Interior-Wall and Above-Floor Insulation

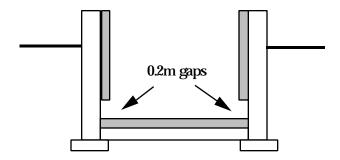
#### BCIA 1

- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- top surface of floor slab fully insulated
- floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



#### **BCIA 4**

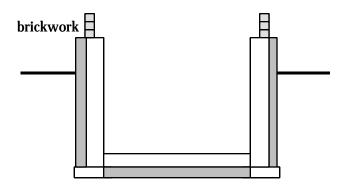
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.2m from floor
- top surface of floor slab fully insulated
- · floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first-floor construction type
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.13 Concrete Basements with Exterior-Wall and Sub-Floor Insulation

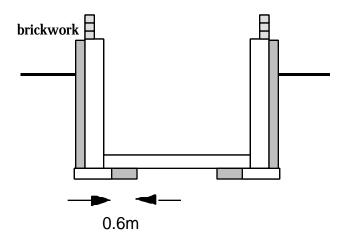
#### BCEB 1

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- · sub-slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



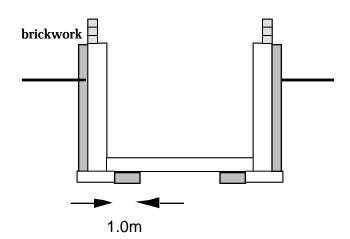
# BCEB\_2

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 0.6m strip around perimeter
- · sub-slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- · first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



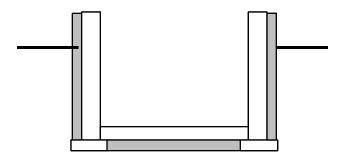
# BCEB\_3

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 1.0m strip around perimeter
- · sub-slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 1 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



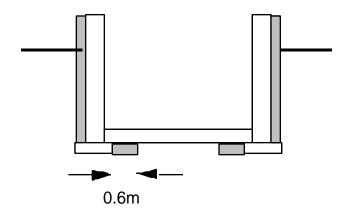
## BCEB 4

- · exterior surface of wall insulated over full height
- sub surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- · first-storey non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 8 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



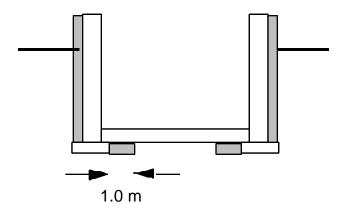
#### BCEB 5

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full height
- sub surface of floor slab insulated with 0.6 m strip around perimeter
- floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 5 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



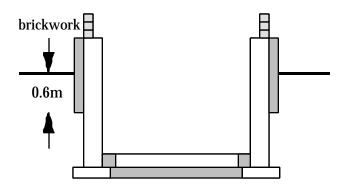
#### BCEB 6

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full height
- sub surface of floor slab insulated with 1. m strip around perimeter
- · floor and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- · first-storey non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from concrete walls
- · 200mm concrete walls and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 5 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



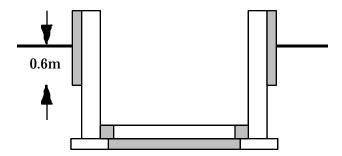
#### BCEB 8

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6m below grade
- · sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- thermal break between slab and wall
- sub-slab, wall, and thermal break insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# BCEB\_9

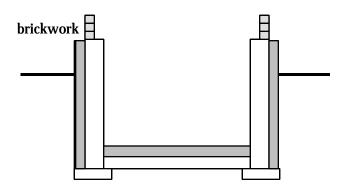
- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- · thermal break between slab and wall
- sub-slab, wall, and thermal break insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## 4.14 Concrete Basement with Exterior-Wall and Above-Slab Insulation

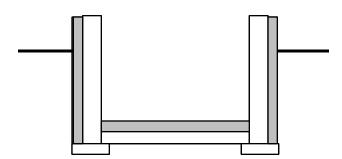
#### BCEA 1

- · exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- top-surface of floor slab fully insulated
- slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- · first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



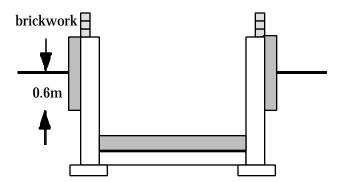
## BCEA 4

- exterior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- top-surface of floor slab fully insulated
- slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first floor construction
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



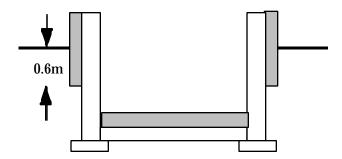
## BCEA\_5

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- · top surface of floor slab is fully insulated
- · slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 8 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



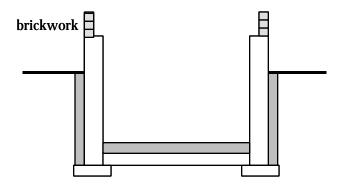
## BCEA\_6

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- top surface of floor slab is fully insulated
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 8 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



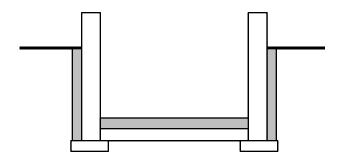
## BCEA\_7

- exterior surface of wall insulated below grade only
- top-surface of floor slab fully insulated
- slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



#### BCEA\_8

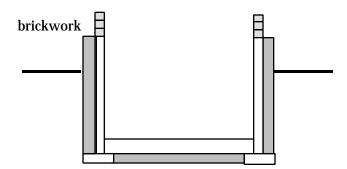
- · exterior surface of wall insulated below grade only
- top-surface of floor slab fully insulated
- · slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 200mm concrete walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 4 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.15 Wood Wall and Concrete Slab Basements with Exterior-Wall and Below-Slab Insulation

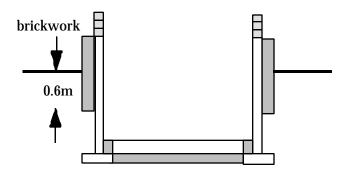
## BBEB\_1

- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- bottom of slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- sub-slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- 50 mm wood wall and 100 mm and concrete floor
- Use column 8 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## BBEB\_2

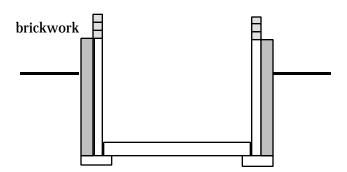
- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- bottom of slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- thermal break between slab and wall
- · slab, wall, and thermal break insulation have same thermal resistance
- 50 mm wood wall and 100 mm and concrete floor
- Use column 8 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.16 Wood Wall and Concrete Slab Basements with Exterior-Wall and No-Slab Insulation

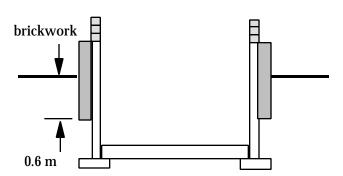
# BBEN\_1

- exterior surface of wall fully insulated
- · first-storey is brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 50 mm wood wall and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 5 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## BBEN\_2

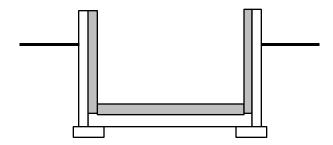
- exterior surface of wall insulated to 0.6 m below grade
- · first-storey is brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 50 mm wood wall and 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 4 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.17 Wood Wall and Concrete Slab Basements with Interior-Wall and Above-Slab Insulation

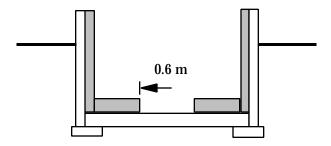
#### BBIA 1

- · interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- · top-surface of floor slab fully insulated
- slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- · any first storey construction
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



#### BBIA 2

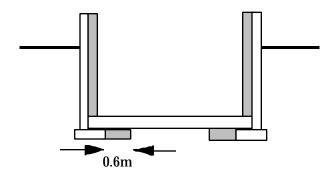
- · interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- top of slab insulated with a 0.6 m strip around the perimeter
- slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 50 mm wood wall and 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.18 Wood Wall and Concrete Slab Basements with Interior-Wall and Below-Slab Insulation

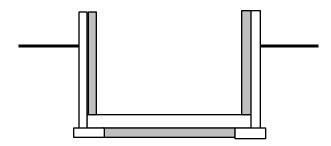
#### BBIB 1

- interior surface of wall insulated over full height
- sub-surface of floor slab insulated with a 0.6m strip around perimeter
- · slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



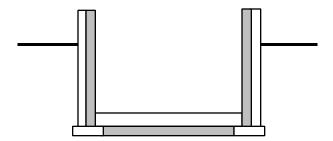
#### BBIB 2

- · interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation below footings
- · slab and wall insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first storey construction
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



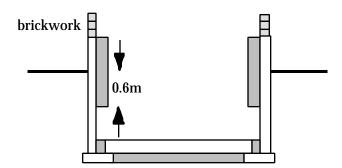
## BBIB 3

- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- thermal break between slab and wall
- · slab, wall, and thermal break insulation have same thermal resistance
- any first floor construction
- 50 mm wood walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



#### **BBIB 4**

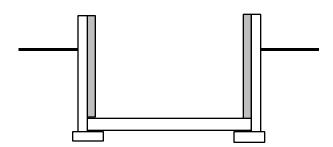
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.6m below grade
- sub-surface of floor slab fully insulated but no insulation under footings
- thermal break between slab and wall
- slab, wall, and thermal break insulation have same thermal resistance
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on basement's concrete walls
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



# 4.19 Wood Wall and Concrete Floor Basements with Interior-Wall and No Slab Insulation

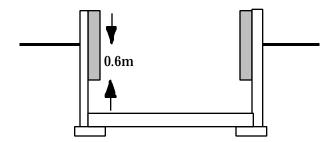
#### BBIN 1

- interior surface of wall insulated over full-height
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 50mm wood walls and 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



## BBIN\_2

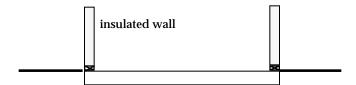
- interior surface of wall insulated from top of wall to 0.6 m below grade
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken broken from basement's concrete walls
- 50 mm wood wall and 100 mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 1 and set RSI=0 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



### 4.20 Concrete Slabs-on-Grade with No Insulation on the Slab

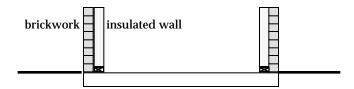
### SCN 1

- no insulation
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 and set RSI=0 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



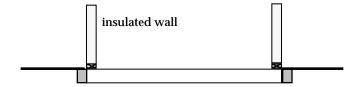
### SCN\_2

- no insulation
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 and set RSI=0 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



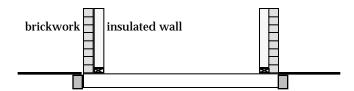
### SCN<sub>3</sub>

- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 and set RSI=0 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



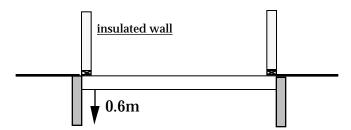
## SCN\_4

- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 and set RSI=0 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



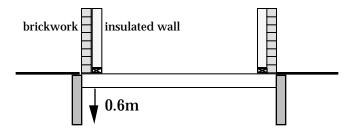
# SCN\_7

- thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 and set RSI=0 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



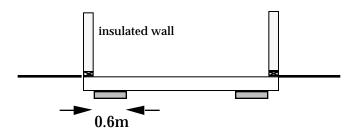
### SCN 8

- thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 and set RSI=0 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

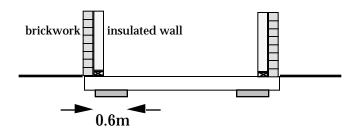


#### 4.21 Concrete Slabs-on-Grade with Sub-Slab Insulation

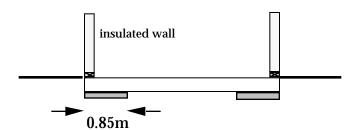
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



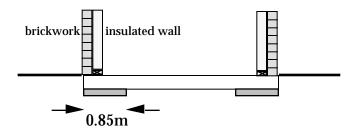
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



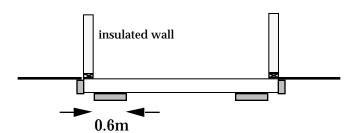
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- insulation also placed under footing creating a 0.85m continuous section of insulation
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



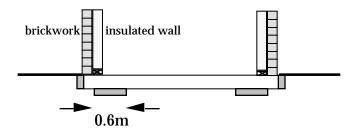
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- insulation also placed under footing creating a 0.85m continuous section of insulation
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



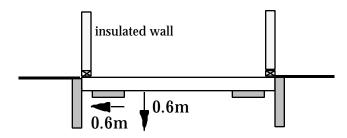
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



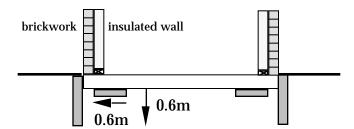
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



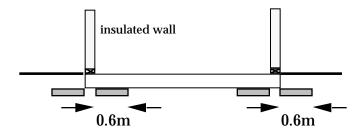
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



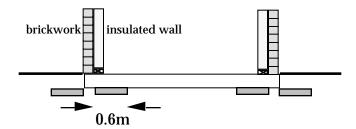
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- · first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



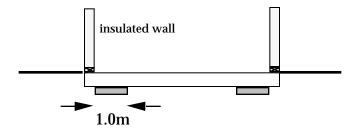
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



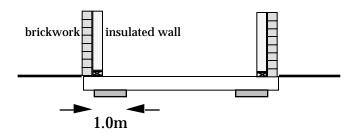
- bottom of slab insulated 0.6m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



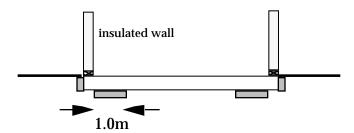
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



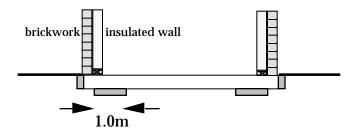
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



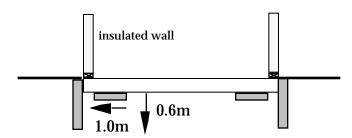
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



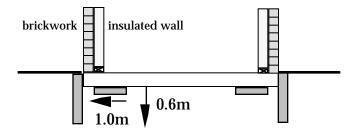
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



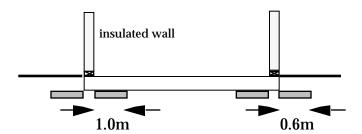
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



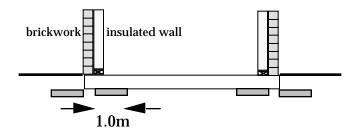
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- · first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



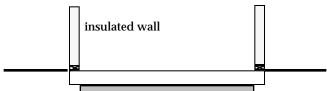
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



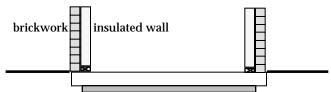
- bottom of slab insulated 1.0m around perimeter
- no insulation under footing or foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



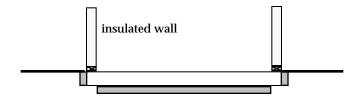
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



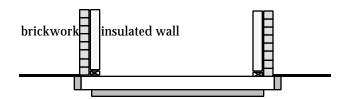
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



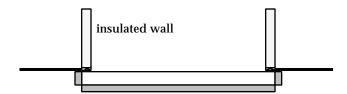
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



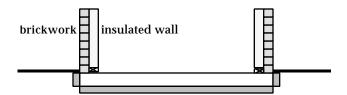
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



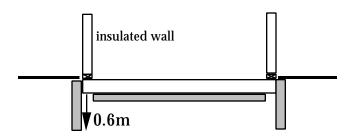
- · bottom of slab fully insulated
- insulation under footing/foundation wall
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



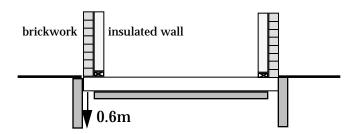
- · bottom of slab fully insulated
- insulation under footing/foundation wall
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



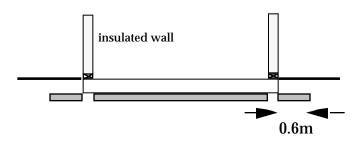
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



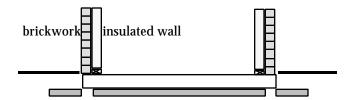
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- thermal break around edge of slab
- · vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



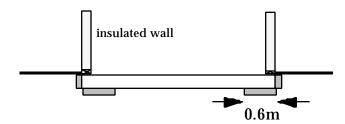
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



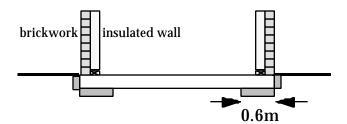
- bottom of slab fully insulated except under footing/foundation wall (ie. insulation starts 0.25m from edge)
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- · first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



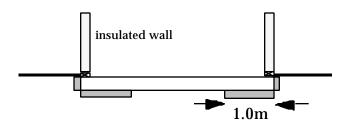
- bottom of slab insulated 0.35m around perimeter
- insulation under footing creating a 0.6m continuous section of insulation
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



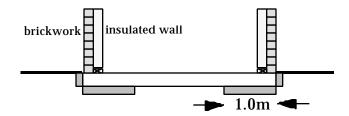
- bottom of slab insulated 0.35m around perimeter
- insulation under footing creating a 0.6m continuous section of insulation
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



- bottom of slab insulated 0.75m around perimeter
- insulation under footing creating a 1.0m continuous section of insulation
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



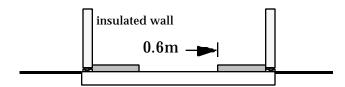
- bottom of slab insulated 0.75m around perimeter
- insulation under footing creating a 1.0m continuous section of insulation
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 3 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



### 4.22 Concrete Slabs-on-Grade with Above-Slab Insulation

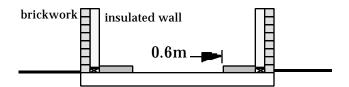
# SCA 1

- top of slab insulated 0.6 m strip around perimeter
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 6 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



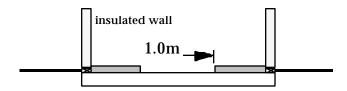
### SCA 2

- top of slab insulated 0.6 m strip around perimeter
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 6 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



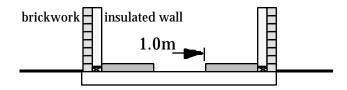
### SCA<sub>9</sub>

- top of slab insulated 1. m strip around perimeter
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 6 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

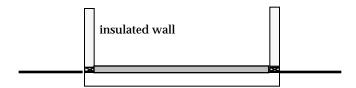


#### **SCA 10**

- top of slab insulated 1. m strip around perimeter
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100 mm concrete slab
- Use column 6 of Table 1 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

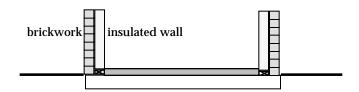


- top of slab fully insulated
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



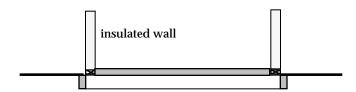
### **SCA\_18**

- top of slab fully insulated
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

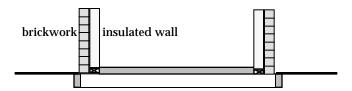


#### **SCA\_19**

- · top of slab fully insulated
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

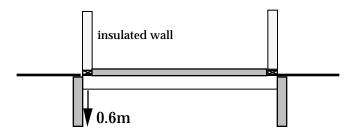


- top of slab fully insulated
- thermal break around edge of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

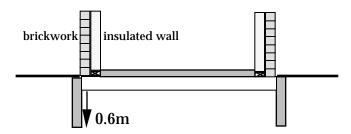


### **SCA 21**

- top of slab fully insulated
- thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

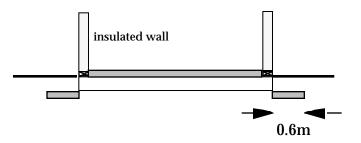


- top of slab fully insulated
- · thermal break around edge of slab
- vertical skirt extends 0.6m from bottom of slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



### **SCA 23**

- · top of slab fully insulated
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- first-storey is non-brick veneer or bricks thermally broken from basement's concrete walls
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)



- top of slab fully insulated
- 0.2m-deep horizontal skirt extends 0.6m from slab
- first-storey brick veneer placed directly on concrete slab
- 100mm concrete floor
- Use column 2 of Table 2 for the corner-correction method (Beausoleil-Morrison et al 1995b)

